CLASS:

Test Chapter 4 section 4.1

## Crystal Systems Worksheet

Mohs Hardness Scale				
Hardness		Hardness of Common Objects		
Talc	1 (softest)			
Gypsum	2	fingernail (2.5)		
Calcite	3	piece of copper (3.5)		
Fluorite	4	iron nail (4.5)		
Apatite	5	glass (5.5)		
Feldspar	6	steel file (6.5)		
Quartz	7	streak plate (7)		
Topaz	8	scratches quartz		
Corundum	9	scratches topaz		
Diamond	10 (hardest)	scratches all common materials		

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1.	<ol> <li>What does the property of mineral hardness measure?         <ul> <li>a. Hardness measures how easily a mineral can ref</li> <li>b. Hardness measures how easily a mineral's breal</li> <li>c. Hardness measures how easily a mineral can be</li> <li>d. Hardness measures how easily a mineral can lease</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	kage occurs scratched	
2.		er side? Quartz Diamond	
3.		ohs scale of such a sample? nardness of 5 nardness of 10	
4.		n the other side? Quartz Diamond	
5.		ohs scale of such a sample? nardness of 7 nardness of 10	
6.	<ul> <li>Explain how you could estimate the hardness of a mineral that does not appear on the Mohs scale.</li> <li>a. By comparing a known sample to the unknown sample</li> <li>b. By comparing an unknown sample to the unknown sample</li> <li>c. By comparing a known sample to the known sample</li> </ul>		
7.		A steel file A streak plate	
8.	8. From the choices listed below, which mineral on the Mohs a. Calcite c. 7 b. Quartz d. F	•	
9.		scratch? Diamond Feldspar	
10	10. What is the hardness of a mineral that scratches gypsum a. Hardness number that is below 2.0	but cannot scratch calcite?	

b. Hardness number that is between 2.1 & 2.9